G1000® Integrated Flight Deck

Cockpit Reference Guide for the DA40D

GARMIN®

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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 0628.00 or later for the Diamond DA40D. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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WARNING: *Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain avoidance feature. The terrain avoidance feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The terrain avoidance feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.*

WARNING: *The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.*

WARNING: *The altitude calculated by G1000 GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the GDC 74A Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in the aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G1000 PFD or other pressure altimeters in aircraft.*

WARNING: *Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the G1000 system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using any outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.*

WARNING: *Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.*

WARNING: *Traffic information shown on system displays is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Pilots must maneuver the aircraft based only upon ATC guidance or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.*

WARNING: *Use of the Stormscope is not intended for hazardous weather penetration (thunderstorm penetration). Stormscope information, as displayed on the G1000 MFD, is to be used only for weather avoidance, not penetration.*

WARNING: *The Garmin G1000, as installed in the Diamond DA40D aircraft, has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the G1000. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.*

WARNING: *For safety reasons, G1000 operational procedures must be learned on the ground.*

WARNING: *The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin G1000 utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the G1000 can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.*

WARNING: *To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the G1000 Pilot's Guide documentation and the Diamond DA40D Airplane Flight Manual (AFM). Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G1000 to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.*

WARNING: *The illustrations in this guide are only examples. Never use the G1000 to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo."*

WARNING: *Lamp(s) inside this product may contain mercury (HG) and must be recycled or disposed of according to local, state, or federal laws. For more information, refer to our website at www.garmin.com/aboutGarmin/environment/disposal.jsp.*

WARNING: *Because of variation in the earth's magnetic field, operating the system within the following areas could result in loss of reliable attitude and heading indications. North of 72° North latitude at all longitudes. South of 70° South latitude at all longitudes. North of 65° North latitude between longitude 75° W and 120° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 70° W and 128° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 85° E and 114° E. (Northern Russia). South of 55° South latitude between longitude 120° E and 165° E. (Region south of Australia and New Zealand).*

WARNING: *Do not use GPS to navigate to any active waypoint identified as a 'NON WGS84 WPT' by a system message. 'NON WGS84 WPT' waypoints are derived from an unknown map reference datum that may be incompatible with the map reference datum used by GPS (known as WGS84) and may be positioned in error as displayed.*

CAUTION: *The PFD and MFD displays use a lens coated with a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.*

CAUTION: *The Garmin G1000 does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.*

NOTE: *When using Stormscope, there are several atmospheric phenomena in addition to nearby thunderstorms that can cause isolated discharge points in the strike display mode. However, clusters of two or more discharge points in the strike display mode do indicate thunderstorm activity if these points reappear after the screen has been cleared.*

NOTE: *All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the G1000 panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current G1000 system and aviation databases. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.*

NOTE: *This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

NOTE: *The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

NOTE: *This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our web site at www.garmin.com/prop65.*

NOTE: *Interference from GPS repeaters operating inside nearby hangars can cause an intermittent loss of attitude and heading displays while the aircraft is on the ground. Moving the aircraft more than 100 yards away from the source of the interference should alleviate the condition.*

NOTE: *Use of polarized eyewear may cause the flight displays to appear dim or blank.*

NOTE: *The purpose of this Cockpit Reference Guide is to provide the pilot a resource with which to find operating instructions on the major features of the G1000 system more easily. It is not intended to be a comprehensive operating guide. Complete operating procedures for the system are found in the G1000 Pilot's Guide for this aircraft.*

Part Number	Change Summary
190-00706-00	Initial Release
190-00706-01	GDU 5.xx to GDU 12.03 Updated EIS displays Updated AFCS Removed Non-Applicable Additional Features Updated Warning and Caution Annunciations Updated Message Advisories Updated PFD/MFD Softkey Maps Updated Loading Database Procedures Updated Loading MV DB Procedures

Revision	Date of Revision	Affected Pages	Description
A	April, 2012	All	Production release

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FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS

SELECTING THE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING

Turn the **BARO** Knob to select the desired setting.

SELECTING STANDARD BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (29.92 IN HG)

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **STD BARO** Softkey to set standard barometric pressure.

CHANGE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING UNITS

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey to display the second-level softkeys.
2) Press the **ALT UNIT** Softkey.
3) Press the **IN** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in inches of mercury (in Hg).

   Or:

   Press the **HPA** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in hectopascals.
4) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the top-level softkeys.

CHANGE NAVIGATION SOURCES

1) Press the **CDI** Softkey to change from GPS to VOR1 or LOC1. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV1 standby frequency in the upper left corner of the PFD.
2) Press the **CDI** Softkey again to change from VOR1 or LOC1 to VOR2 or LOC2. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV2 standby frequency.
3) Press the **CDI** Softkey a third time to return to GPS.

ENABLE/DISABLE OBS MODE WHILE NAVIGATING WITH GPS

1) Press the **OBS** Softkey to select OBS Mode.
2) Turn a **CRS** Knob to select the desired course to/from the waypoint. Press a **CRS** Knob to synchronize the Selected Course with the bearing to the next waypoint.
3) Press the **OBS** Softkey again to disable OBS Mode.

GENERIC TIMER

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey, then turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the time field (hh/mm/ss). Turn the **FMS** Knobs to set the desired time, then press the **ENT** Key. The UP/DOWN field is now highlighted.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the UP/DOWN window. Turn the **FMS** Knob to select 'UP' or 'DOWN', then press the **ENT** Key. 'START?' is now highlighted.
3) Press the **ENT** Key to START, STOP, or RESET the timer (if the timer is counting DOWN, it starts counting UP after reaching zero). Press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey to remove the window.

CONFIGURE VSPEED BUGS

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired Vspeed.
3) Use the small **FMS** Knob to change the Vspeed in 1-kt increments (when a speed has been changed from a default value, an asterisk appears next to the speed).
4) Press the **ENT** Key or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the ON/OFF field
5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to ON or counterclockwise to OFF.
6) To remove the window, press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey.

SET BAROMETRIC MINIMUM DESCENT ALTITUDE

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the OFF/BARO field to the right of 'MINIMUMS'.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to BARO.
4) Press the **ENT** Key.
5) Use the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude.
6) Press the **ENT** Key.
7) To remove the window, press the **CLR** Key or press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.

DISPLAYING WIND DATA

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **WIND** Softkey to display wind data to the left of the HSI.
3) Press one of the **OPTN** softkeys to change how wind data is displayed.
4) To remove the Wind Data Window, press the **OFF** Softkey.

CHANGING HSI FORMAT

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **HSI FRMT** Softkey.
3) Press the **360 HSI** Softkey to display the full size HSI.

   Or:

   Press the **ARC HSI** Softkey to display the arc style HSI.

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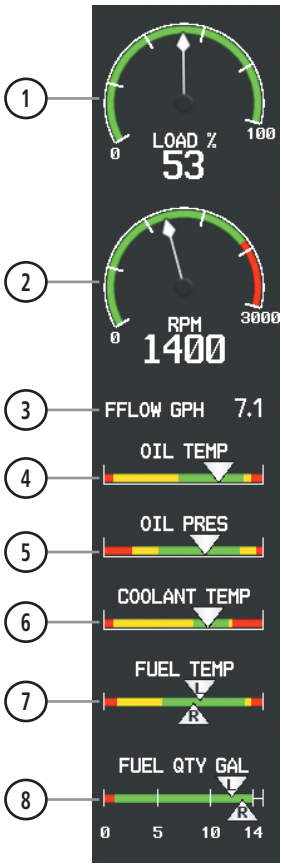
ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM

ENGINE DISPLAY

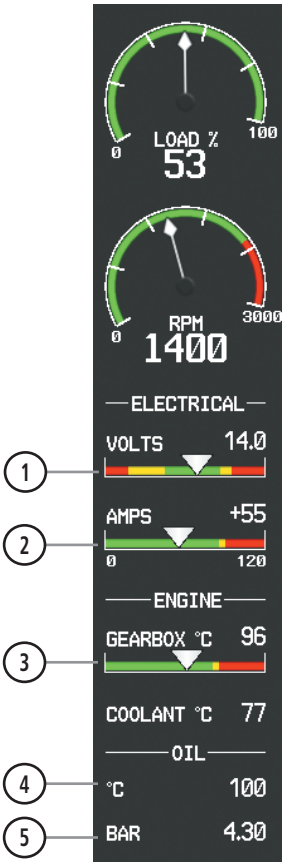


Engine Instrument Display on the MFD

1. *Engine Load Gauge*
2. *Tachometer*
3. *Fuel Flow Indicator*
4. *Oil Temperature Indicator*
5. *Oil Pressure Indicator*
6. *Coolant Temperature Indicator*
7. *Fuel Temperature Indicator*
8. *Fuel Quantity Indicator*

ENGINE SYSTEM DISPLAY

Pressing the **ENGINE** Softkey displays the **SYSTEM** Softkey. Press the **SYSTEM** Softkey to view the Engine System Display.

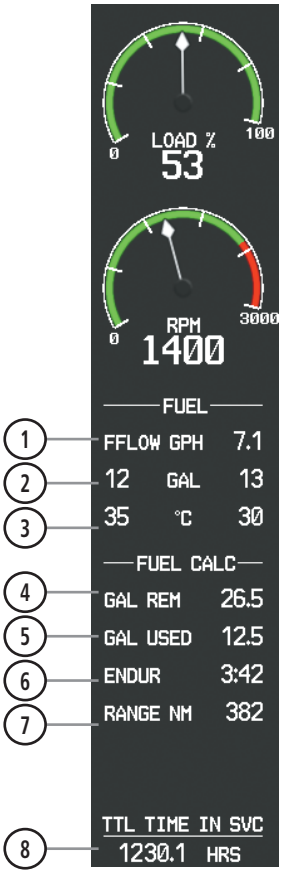


Engine System Display on the MFD

1. *Voltmeter*
2. *Ammeter*
3. *Gear Box Temperature Indicator*
4. *Oil Temperature*
5. *Oil Pressure*

ENGINE FUEL DISPLAY

Pressing the **ENGINE** Softkey displays the **FUEL** Softkey. Press the **FUEL** Softkey to view the Engine Fuel Display.



Engine Fuel Display on the MFD

1. *Fuel Flow*
2. *Fuel Quantity*
3. *Fuel Temperature*
4. *Fuel Remaining*
5. *Fuel Used*
6. *Endurance*
7. *Range*
8. *Total Time In Service*

Fuel used (GAL USED), endurance, and range (RANGE NM) are all calculated based on the last manual adjustment of the fuel remaining (GAL REM).

Measured fuel quantity has no effect on fuel calculations. Fuel calculations are based on sensed fuel flow and the last manual adjustment of the fuel remaining.

The following softkeys allow for adjustment of the remaining fuel quantity.

- **DEC FUEL –** Allows the pilot to decrease the gallons of fuel remaining (GAL REM) in 1-gallon increments
- **INC FUEL –** Allows the pilot to increase the gallons of fuel remaining in 1-gallon increments
- **RST FUEL –** Resets the fuel remaining to the maximum fuel quantity for the aircraft and fuel used to zero.

NAV/COM/TRANSPONDER/AUDIO PANEL

ENTER OR CHANGE FLIGHT ID (OPTIONAL)

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey, then turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the Flight ID field.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the first character.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the next field.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the next desired character.
5) Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the desired Flight ID is entered.
6) Press the **ENT** Key to update the Flight ID.

ADF TUNING (OPTIONAL)

1) Press the **ADF/DME** Softkey.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the first digit of the desired ADF frequency.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the next desired field.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired number.
5) Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the desired ADF frequency is entered.
6) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the new frequency.
7) Press the **ENT** Key again to transfer the frequency to the active field.
8) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the MODE field.
9) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select ANT, ADF, ADF/BFO, or ANT/BFO.
10) Press the **ENT** Key to complete the selection.

DME TUNING (OPTIONAL)

1) Press the **ADF/DME** or **DME** Softkey.
2) Turn the large **FMS** to select the DME source field.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired Nav radio.
4) Press the **ENT** Key to complete the selection.

ENTER A TRANSPONDER CODE

1) Press the **XPDR** Softkey to display the transponder mode selection softkeys.
2) Press the **CODE** Softkey to display the transponder code selection softkeys, for digit entry.
3) Press the digit softkeys to enter the code in the code field. When entering the code, the next key in sequence must be pressed within 10 seconds, or the entry is cancelled and restored to the previous code. Five seconds after the fourth digit has been entered, the transponder code becomes active.

SELECTING A COM RADIO

Transmit/Receive

Press the **COM1 MIC**, or **COM2 MIC** Key on the audio panel.

Receive Only

Press the **COM1**, or **COM2** Key on the audio panel.

SELECTING A NAV RADIO

1) To begin navigating using a navigation radio, press the **CDI** Softkey on the PFD to select VOR1/LOC1 (NAV1) or VOR2/LOC2 (NAV2).
2) Press the **NAV1**, **NAV2**, **DME**, or **ADF** Key on the audio panel to select or deselect the navigation radio audio source. All radio keys can be selected individually or together.

NAV/COM TUNING

1) Press the small **NAV** or **COM** tuning knob to select the desired radio for tuning. A light blue box highlights the radio frequency to be tuned.
2) Turn the respective tuning knobs to enter the desired frequency into the standby frequency field. The large knob enters MHz and the small knob enters kHz.
3) Press the **Frequency Transfer** Key to place the frequency into the active frequency field.

DIGITAL CLEARANCE RECORDER AND PLAYER

*NOTE: Only the audio for the selected **COM MIC** Key is recorded.*

- Pressing the **PLAY** Key once plays the latest recorded memory block, then returns to normal operation.
- Pressing the **MKR/MUTE** Key while playing a memory block stops play.
- Pressing the **PLAY** Key during play begins playing the previously recorded memory block. Each subsequent press of the **PLAY** Key begins playing the next previously recorded block.

INTERCOM SYSTEM (ICS) ISOLATION

Press the **PILOT** and/or **COPLT** Key to select those isolated from hearing the Nav/Com radios and music.

Mode	PILOT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	COPLT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	Pilot Hears	Copilot Hears	Passenger Hears
ALL	OFF	OFF	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music
PILOT	ON	OFF	Selected radios; pilot	Copilot; passengers; music	Copilot; passengers; music
COPILOT	OFF	ON	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; music	Copilot	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; music
CREW	ON	ON	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Passengers; music

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AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM (OPTIONAL)

NOTE: Refer to the autopilot manufacturer's Pilot's Guide for more information

ANNUNCIATIONS FOR KAP 140 AUTOPILOT SYSTEM

When GPS approach mode becomes active and the necessary approach criteria are met, a message appears in the AFCS Status Box alerting the pilot to a change in autopilot NAV source ("NAV Source Changed – Select Desired Autopilot Mode"). The annunciation shall blink for five seconds and remain in the AFCS Status Box for 30 seconds.

KAP 140 Annunciation (Informative)

NOTE: KAP 140 equipped aircraft only: *Each time the* ***CDI*** *Softkey is pressed or the navigation source is changed (i.e. missed approach), the following message appears in the message window, "NAV Source Changed – Select Desired Autopilot Mode."*

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GPS NAVIGATION

NOTE: Refer to the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) to determine if SBAS functionality is approved.

DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION

Direct-to Navigation from the MFD

1) Press the **Direct-to** (D▸) Key.
2) Enter the waypoint identifier.
3) Press the **ENT** Key to confirm the identifier. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
4) If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 5.
5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'VNV' altitude field.
6) Enter the desired altitude.
7) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 9.
8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is now flashing in the VNV offset distance field.
10) Enter the desired offset distance before (-) the waypoint.
11) Press the **ENT** Key. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
12) Press the **ENT** Key to activate.

Direct-to Navigation from the PFD

1) Press the **Direct-to** Key ( ).
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired selection field.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to begin selecting the desired identifier, location, etc.
4) Press the **ENT** Key.
5) The cursor is now flashing on 'ACTIVATE?'. If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 6.
6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'ALT' altitude field.
7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude.
8) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 10.
9) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
10) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is placed in the 'OFFSET' field.
11) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired target altitude offset from the selected Direct-to.
12) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'Activate?' or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'CRS' field.
13) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired course to the waypoint.
14) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'ACTIVATE?'.
15) Press the **ENT** again to activate the Direct-to.

ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan
4) Press the **ACTIVE** Softkey. The confirmation window is now displayed.
5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to activate the flight plan. To cancel the flight plan activation, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE A FLIGHT PLAN LEG

1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.
2) On the MFD, press the **ACT LEG** Softkey.

   OR

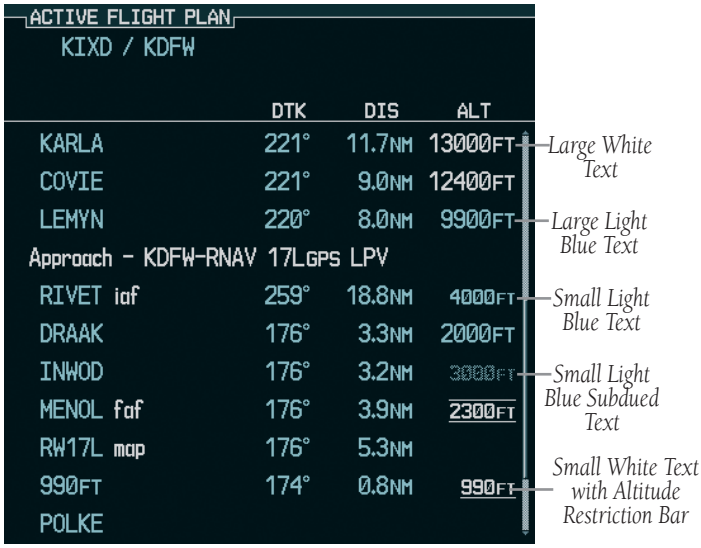
   Press the **MENU** Key, select the 'Activate Leg' option from the page menu and press the **ENT** Key. This step must be used when activating a leg from the PFD.
3) With 'Activate' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

STOP NAVIGATING A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu Window.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Delete Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to deactivate the flight plan. This does not delete the stored flight plan, only the active flight plan.

VERTICAL NAVIGATION (VNAV)

The navigation database only contains altitudes for procedures that call for "Cross at" altitudes. If the procedure states "Expect to cross at," the altitude is not in the database. In this case the altitude may be entered manually.



Cross AT or ABOVE 5,000 ft

Cross AT 2,300 ft

Cross AT or BELOW 3,000 ft

Altitudes associated with approach procedures are "auto-designated". This means the system automatically uses the altitudes loaded with the approach for giving vertical flight path guidance outside the FAF. Note these altitudes are displayed as small light blue text.

Altitudes associated with arrival procedures are "manually-designated". This means the system does not use the altitudes loaded with the arrival for giving vertical flight path guidance until designated to do so by the pilot. Note that these altitudes are initially displayed as white text. These altitudes may be "designated" by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **ENT** Key. After designation, the text changes to light blue.

Altitudes that have been designated for use in vertical navigation may also be made "non-designated" by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **CLR** Key. The altitude is now displayed only as a reference. It will not be used to give vertical flight path guidance. Other displayed altitudes may change due to re-calculations or rendered invalid as a result of manually changing an altitude to a non-designated altitude.

	White Text	Light Blue Text	Light Blue Subdued Text
Large Text	Altitude calculated by the system estimating the altitude of the aircraft as it passes over the navigation point. This altitude is provided as a reference and is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance.	Altitude has been entered by the pilot. Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude does not match the published altitude in navigation database or no published altitude exists.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.
Small Text	Altitude is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database and is provided as a reference.	Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database or has been entered by the pilot and matches a published altitude in the navigation database.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.

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FLIGHT PLANNING

TRIP PLANNING

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'AUX' page group.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the first rectangular page icon.

3) The current 'PAGE MODE' is displayed at the top of the page: 'AUTOMATIC' or 'MANUAL'. To change the page mode, press the **AUTO** or **MANUAL** Softkey.

4) For Direct-to planning:

a) Press the **WPTS** Softkey and verify that the starting waypoint field indicates 'P.POS' (present position).

b) If necessary, press the **MENU** Key and select 'Set WPT to Present Position' to display 'P.POS'.

c) Press the **ENT** Key and the flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint field.

d) Enter the identifier of the ending waypoint and press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

Or:

For point-to-point planning:

a) Enter the identifier of the starting waypoint.

b) Once the waypoint's identifier is entered, press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint. The flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint.

c) Again, enter the identifier of the ending waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

Or:

For flight plan leg planning:

a) Press the **FPL** Softkey (at the bottom of the display).

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired flight plan (already stored in memory), by number.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'LEG' field.

d) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired leg of the flight plan, or select 'CUM' to apply trip planning calculations to the entire flight plan. Selecting 'FPL 00' displays the active flight plan. If an active flight plan is selected, 'REM' is an available option to display planning data for the remainder of the flight plan.

NOTE: *The page mode must be set to 'MANUAL' to perform the following steps.*

5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the departure time (DEP TIME) field.

NOTE: *The departure time on the Trip Planning Page is used for preflight planning. Refer to the Utility Page for the actual flight departure time.*

6) Enter the departure time. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Departure time may be entered in local or UTC time, depending upon system settings.

7) The flashing cursor moves to the ground speed (GS) field. Enter the ground speed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'automatic' page mode, ground speed is provided by the system.

8) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel flow field. Enter the fuel flow. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel flow is provided by the system.

9) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel onboard field. Enter the fuel onboard. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel onboard is provided by the fuel totalizer.

10) The flashing cursor moves to the calibrated airspeed (CALIBRATED AS) field. Enter the calibrated airspeed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, calibrated airspeed is provided by the system.

11) The flashing cursor moves to the altitude (IND ALTITUDE) field. Enter the altitude. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, altitude is provided by the system.

12) The flashing cursor moves to the barometric setting (PRESSURE) field. Enter the desired baro setting. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, the baro setting is provided by the setting entered on the PFD.

13) The flashing cursor moves to the air temperature (TOTAL AIR TEMP) field. Enter the desired air temperature. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, air temperature is provided by the system outside air temperature.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY LATITUDE & LONGITUDE

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the Control Unit to select the 'WPT' page group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
3) Select the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
5) Press the **ENT** Key.
6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
   a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
   b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.
7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.
8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select LAT/LON (latitude and longitude).
9) Press the **ENT** Key.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY RADIALS FROM OTHER WAYPOINTS

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the Control Unit to select the 'WPT' page group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
3) Select the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
5) Press the **ENT** Key.
6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
   a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
   b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.

7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.

8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/RAD (radial/radial).

9) Press the **ENT** Key.

10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:

a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.

b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

c) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

13) Repeat step 10 to enter the next waypoint name.

14) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field for the second waypoint. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

15) Press the **ENT** Key.

16) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY A RADIAL & DISTANCE FROM ANOTHER WAYPOINT

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD Control Unit to select the 'WPT' page group.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.

3) Select the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.

4) Enter the desired waypoint name.

5) Press the **ENT** Key.

6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.

- **a)** Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
- **b)** Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.

7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.

8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/DIS (radial/distance).

9) Press the **ENT** Key.

10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:

a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.

b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

c) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

13) The cursor is now displayed in the 'DIS' (distance) field. Enter the desired distance from the reference waypoint.

14) Press the **ENT** Key.

15) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT USING THE MAP POINTER

1) Press the **Joystick** to activate the panning function and pan to the map location of the desired user waypoint.

2) Press the **ENT** Key. The User Waypoint Information Page is displayed with the captured position.

NOTE: *If the pointer has highlighted a map database feature, one of three things happens upon pressing the* **ENT** *Key: 1) information about the selected feature is displayed instead of initiating a new waypoint, 2) a menu pops up allowing a choice between 'Review Airspaces' or 'Create User Waypoint', or 3) a new waypoint is initiated with the default name being the selected map item.*

3) Enter a user waypoint name (up to six characters).

4) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the selected name.

5) If desired, define the type and location (i.e., LAT/LON, RAD/RAD or RAD/DIS) of the waypoint.

6) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the new waypoint.

7) If desired, change the storage method of the waypoint to "TEMPORARY" or "NORMAL" by moving the cursor to "TEMPORARY" and selecting the **ENT** Key to check or uncheck the box.

8) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

9) Press the **GO BACK** Softkey to return to the map page.

DELETE A USER WAYPOINT

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'WPT' page group.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.

3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to the place the cursor in the 'USER WAYPOINT LIST' field.

5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.

6) Press the **DELETE** Softkey.

7) The message 'Would you like to delete the user waypoint?' is displayed. With 'YES' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

CREATE A FLIGHT PLAN

NOTE: When creating a flight plan in the Active Flight Plan Window, the first leg is activated automatically after it is created.

Creating an active flight plan:

1) Press the **FPL** Key.

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (only on MFD).

3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).

4) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key. The active flight plan is modified as each waypoint is entered.

5) Repeat step numbers 3 and 4 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.

6) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

Creating a stored flight plan:

1) Press the **FPL** Key.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

3) Select the **NEW** Softkey; or press the **MENU** Key, highlight 'Create New Flight Plan', and press the **ENT** Key to display a blank flight plan for the first empty storage location.

4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).

5) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key.
6) Repeat step numbers 4 and 5 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.
7) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page. The new flight plan is now in the list.

INSERT A WAYPOINT IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.
2) If necessary, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan waypoint. The waypoint is inserted before the highlighted waypoint.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob. The Waypoint Information Window is now displayed.
5) Enter the flight plan waypoint by one of the following:
   a) Enter the user waypoint identifier, facility, or city.
   b) Press the **ENT** Key.

   Or:

   a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
   b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airport waypoints to the aircraft's current position.
   c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
   d) Press the **ENT** Key.

   Or:

   a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
   b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.
   c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
   d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired user waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

6) Press the **ENT** Key again to "accept" the waypoint.

ENTER AN AIRWAY IN A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key.

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD).

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint after the desired airway entry point. If this waypoint is not a valid airway entry point, a valid entry point should be entered at this time.

4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob one click clockwise and press the **LD AIRWY** Softkey, or press the **MENU** Key and select "Load Airway". The Select Airway Page is displayed. The **LD AIRWY** Softkey or the "Load Airway" menu item is available only when an acceptable airway entry waypoint has been chosen (the waypoint ahead of the cursor position).

5) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. Low altitude airways are shown first in the list, followed by "all" altitude airways, and then high altitude airways.

6) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway exit point from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD?' is highlighted.

7) Press the **ENT** Key. The system returns to editing the flight plan with the new airway inserted.

INVERT AN ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.

2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu.

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Invert Flight Plan'.

4) Press the **ENT** Key. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.

5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to invert the flight plan.

REMOVE A DEPARTURE, ARRIVAL, APPROACH, OR AIRWAY FROM A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

   Or, for a stored flight plan:

   a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

   b) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

   c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.

   d) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the title for the approach, departure, arrival, or airway to be deleted. Titles appear in white directly above the procedure's waypoints.

3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a confirmation window.

4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the selected procedure or airway.

STORE A FLIGHT PLAN

1) After creating a flight plan on either the PFD or MFD, it may be saved by pressing the **MENU** Key.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Store Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key.

3) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to store the flight plan.

EDIT A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.

4) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired location.

6) Enter the changes, then press the **ENT** Key.

7) Press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

DELETE A WAYPOINT FROM THE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

Or, for a stored flight plan:

a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

b) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.

d) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint to be deleted.

3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a 'REMOVE (Wpt Name)?' confirmation window.

4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the waypoint. To cancel the delete request, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

5) Once all changes have been made, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

INVERT AND ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.

5) Press the **INVERT** Softkey. 'Invert and activate stored flight plan?' is displayed.

6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The selected flight plan is now inverted and activated. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.

COPY A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be copied.
5) Press the **COPY** Softkey. A 'Copy to flight plan #?' confirmation window is displayed.
6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to copy the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

DELETE A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be deleted.
5) Press the **DELETE** Softkey. A 'Delete flight plan #?' confirmation window is displayed.
6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to delete the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

GRAPHICAL FLIGHT PLAN CREATION

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page on the MFD.
2) Press the **Joystick** to activate the map pointer. Use the **Joystick** to move the pointer to the desired point on the map to be inserted as a waypoint in the flight plan.
3) The default insertion point is at the end of the flight plan. If the selected waypoint is to be placed anywhere other than the end of the flight plan, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor. Waypoints are inserted *ABOVE* the cursor. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired insertion point.
4) Press the **LD WPT** Softkey. The selected waypoint is inserted at the selected point. The default user waypoint naming is USR000, USR001, USR002, and so on.
5) To change the user waypoint name, follow the procedure for modifying a user waypoint.

Blank Page

PROCEDURES

LOAD AND ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE PROCEDURE

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT DEPARTURE'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'DEPARTURE' field with a list of available departures.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired departure.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the departure. If so, turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired runway.
6) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'TRANSITION' field with a list of available transitions.
7) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired transition.
8) Press the **ENT** Key.
9) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The departure is active when the flight plan is active.

ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE LEG

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the active flight plan.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the departure.
4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

LOAD AN ARRIVAL PROCEDURE

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT ARRIVAL'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'ARRIVAL' field with a list of available arrivals.

4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired arrival.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of transitions is displayed for the selected arrival.
6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition.
7) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the selected arrival.
8) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired runway.
9) Press the **ENT** Key.
10) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.
11) The arrival becomes part of the active flight plan.
12) If an altitude associated with a waypoint in an arrival procedure is to be used to calculate vertical guidance perform the following steps:
    a) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
    b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint altitude.
    c) Press the **ENT** Key to designate the altitude for use in giving vertical guidance.

ACTIVATE AN ARRIVAL LEG

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the arrival.
4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

LOAD AND/OR ACTIVATE AN APPROACH PROCEDURE

NOTE: *Refer to the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) to determine if SBAS functionality is approved.*

NOTE: *If certain GPS parameters (SBAS, RAIM, etc.) are not available, some published approach procedures for the desired airport may not be displayed in the list of available approaches.*

1) Press the **PROC** Key.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT APPROACH'.

3) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available approaches for the destination airport is displayed.

4) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired approach.

5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available transitions for the selected approach procedure is now displayed.

6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition. The "Vectors" option assumes vectors will be received to the final course segment of the approach and will provide navigation guidance relative to the final approach course.

7) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the MINIMUMS field.

8) If desired, the DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure may be entered and displayed on the PFD. Turn the small **FMS** Knob in the direction of the green arrow to change the display from OFF to BARO.

9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the altitude field. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the published DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure.

10) Press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD? or ACTIVATE?' is now displayed with 'LOAD?' highlighted.

11) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select either 'LOAD?' or 'ACTIVATE?'.

Selecting 'LOAD?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan, but is not currently active. Selecting 'ACTIVATE?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan and activates the first leg of the approach.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE AN APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE APPROACH'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE A VECTOR TO FINAL APPROACH FIX

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE VECTOR-TO-FINAL'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.
4) The final approach course becomes the active leg.

ACTIVATE A MISSED APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE MISSED APPROACH'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. A confirmation window is displayed.
4) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

HAZARD AVOIDANCE

CUSTOMIZING THE HAZARD DISPLAYS ON THE NAVIGATION MAP

1) With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key to display the Navigation Map Page Menu. The cursor flashes on the 'Map Setup' option.
2) Press the **ENT** Key. The Map Setup Menu is displayed. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Weather' to customize the display of weather features. Select 'Traffic' to customize the display of traffic.
3) Press the small **FMS** Knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

STORMSCOPE® (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: *The Stormscope system is not intended to be used for hazardous thunderstorm penetration. Weather information on the G1000 MFD is approved for weather avoidance only. Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for detailed operation.*

Displaying Stormscope Lightning Data on the Navigation Map Page

1) Press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **STRMSCP** Softkey. Press the **STRMSCP** Softkey again to remove Stormscope Lightning Data from the Navigation Map Page.

Lightning Age	Symbol
Strike is less than 6 seconds old	
Strike is between 6 and 60 seconds old	
Strike is between 1 and 2 minutes old	
Strike is between 2 and 3 minutes old	

Select 'Cell' or 'Strike' as the Stormscope Lightning Mode

1) Press the **MENU** Key (with the Navigation Map Page displayed).
2) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Map Setup'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Weather'.

5) Press the **ENT** Key.
6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the 'STRMSCP MODE' field.
7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the 'Cell/Strike' window.
8) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select 'Cell' or 'Strike'. Press the **ENT** Key.
9) Push the **FMS** Knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

Clear Stormscope Lightning Data from the Navigation Map Page

1) Press the **MENU** Key (with the Navigation Map Page displayed).
2) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'Clear Stormscope® Lightning' field and press the **ENT** Key.

NOTE: If heading input is lost, strikes and/or cells must be cleared manually after the execution of each turn. This is to ensure that the strike and/or cell positions are depicted accurately in relation to the nose of the aircraft.

Stormscope Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob until the Map Page group is selected.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob until the Stormscope Page is selected.

Change the Stormscope Lightning Mode Between 'Cell' and 'Strike'

1) Select the Stormscope Page.
2) Press the **MODE** Softkey. The **CELL** and **STRIKE** Softkeys are displayed. Press the **CELL** Softkey to display 'CELL' data or press the **STRIKE** Softkey to display 'STRIKE' data. 'CELL' or 'STRIKE' is displayed in the mode box located in the upper left corner of the Stormscope Page.

NOTE: "Cell mode" uses a clustering program to identify clusters of electrical activity that indicate cells.

Change the Viewing Mode Between 360˚ and 120˚

1) Select the Stormscope Page.
2) Press the **VIEW** Softkey. The **360** and **ARC** Softkeys are displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to display a 360˚ viewing area or press the **ARC** Softkey to display a 120˚ viewing area.

   Press the **CLEAR** Softkey to remove all Stormscope lightning data from the display.

TRAFFIC SYSTEMS

- If Traffic information Service (TIS) is configured, **STANDBY**, **OPERATE**, and **TNA MUTE** softkeys are displayed.
- If a Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is configured, **MUTE** and **ALT MODE** softkeys are displayed.

Traffic Symbol	Description
	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 nm and greater than 1200' vertical separation)
	Proximity Advisory (PA) (Not available with TIS system) (intruder is within 5 nm and less than 1200' vertical separation)
	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Traffic Symbol Description

Traffic Information Service (TIS)

NOTE: *If the G1000 is configured to use an optional Traffic Advisory System (TAS), TIS is not available for use.*

NOTE: *Traffic Information Service (TIS) is only available when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS capable terminal radar site.*

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page.
3) Press the **OPERATE** Softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
4) Press the **STANDBY** Softkey to place the system in the Standby Mode. 'STANDBY' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
5) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.
6) Press the **TNA MUTE** Softkey to mute the "Traffic Not Available" aural alert.

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1) Ensure TIS is operating. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

Traffic Advisory System (TAS) (Optional)

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
3) Press the **ALT MODE** Softkey to change the altitude volume. Select the desired altitude volume by pressing the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNREST** (unrestricted) Softkey. The selection is displayed in the Altitude Mode field.
4) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.
5) Press the **MUTE** Softkey to mute TAS voice alerts.

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1) Ensure TAS is operating.
2) With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
3) Press the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

TERRAIN AND OBSTACLE PROXIMITY

NOTE: Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft is outside the installed terrain database coverage area.

Displaying Terrain and Obstacles on the Terrain Proximity Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the last rectangular page icon.
3) If desired, press the **VIEW** Softkey to access the **ARC** and **360** Softkeys. When the **ARC** Softkey is pressed, a radar-like 120° view is displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to return to the 360° default display.
4) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

Color	Terrain/Obstacle Location
Red	Terrain/Obstacle above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude.
Yellow	Terrain/Obstacle between 100' and 1000' below current aircraft altitude.
Black	Terrain/Obstacle is more than 1000' below aircraft altitude.

Displaying Terrain and Obstacles on the Navigation Map

1) With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **TERRAIN** Softkey. Terrain and obstacle proximity will now be displayed on the map.

Blank Page

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

ELECTRONIC CHECKLISTS (OPTIONAL)

The system accesses the checklists from an SD card inserted into the card slot. If the SD card contains an invalid checklist file or no checklist, the Power-up Page messages display 'Checklist File: Invalid' or 'Checklist File: N/A' (not available) and the **CHKLIST** Softkey is not available.

The following colors are used for checklist items:

- Light Blue - Items not selected or checked
- White - Item is selected
- Green - Item has been checked
- Gray - General notes
- Yellow - Caution notes
- Red - Warning notes

Accessing and Navigating Checklists

1) From any page on the MFD, select the **CHKLIST** Softkey. The cursor is now flashing in the 'GROUP' field.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired procedure.

3) Press the **ENT** Key.

4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired checklist.

5) Press the **ENT** Key. The first checklist item is indicated with white text surrounded by a white box.

6) Press the **ENT** Key or select the **CHECK** Softkey to check the selected checklist item. The line item turns green and a checkmark is placed in the associated box. The next line item is automatically selected for checking.

Either **FMS** Knob can be used to scroll through the checklist and select the desired checklist item.

Press the **CLR** Key or select the **UNCHECK** Softkey to remove a check mark from an item.

7) When all checklist items have been checked, '*Checklist Finished*' is displayed in green text at the bottom left of the checklist window and 'GO TO NEXT CHECKLIST?' is highlighted. If 'GO TO NEXT CHECKLIST?' is selected prior to checking all the checklist items, '*CHECKLIST NOT FINISHED*' will be displayed in yellow text.

8) Press the **ENT** Key. If 'GO TO NEXT CHECKLIST?' is displayed when pressing the **ENT** Key, the next checklist in the group will be displayed. If 'EXIT CHECKLISTS?' is displayed when pressing the **ENT** Key, the system will exit the Checklist Page.

9) Select the **EXIT** Softkey to exit the Checklist Page and return to the page last viewed. When returning to the Checklist Page after pressing the **EXIT** Softkey, the system will return to the last selected checklist item.

Immediately Accessing Emergency Procedures

1) From any page on the MFD, select the **CHKLIST** Softkey or turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Checklist Page.

2) Select the **EMERGCY** Softkey.

3) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired emergency checklist and press the **ENT** Key.

4) Press the **ENT** Key or select the **CHECK** Softkey to check the selected emergency checklist item. The line item turns green and a checkmark is placed in the box next to it. The next line item is automatically highlighted for checking.
Either **FMS** Knob can be used to scroll through the checklist and select the desired checklist item.
Press the **CLR** Key or select the **UNCHECK** Softkey to remove a check mark from an item.

5) When all checklist items have been checked, '*Checklist Finished*' is displayed in green text at the bottom left of the checklist window and 'GO TO NEXT CHECKLIST?' is highlighted. If 'GO TO NEXT CHECKLIST?' is selected prior to checking all the checklist items, '*CHECKLIST NOT FINISHED*' will be displayed in yellow text.

6) Press the **ENT** Key to advance to the next checklist.

7) Select the **RETURN** Softkey to return to the previous checklist.

8) Select the **EXIT** Softkey to exit the Checklist Page and return to the page last viewed.

ABNORMAL OPERATION

REVERSIONARY MODE

Should a system detected failure occur in either display, the G1000 automatically enters reversionary mode. In reversionary mode, critical flight instrumentation is combined with engine instrumentation on the remaining display.

Reversionary display mode can be manually activated by pressing the **DISPLAY BACKUP** Button on the audio panel.

NOTE: *The Diamond DA40D Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) always takes precedence over the information found in this section.*

ABNORMAL COM OPERATION

When a COM tuning failure is detected by the system, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) is automatically loaded into the active frequency field of the COM radio for which the tuning failure was detected.

HAZARD DISPLAYS WITH LOSS OF GPS POSITION

If GPS position is lost, or becomes invalid, selected hazards being displayed on the Navigation Map Page are removed until GPS position is again established.

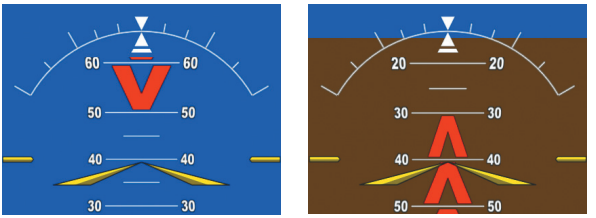
Loss of Hazard Functions with Loss of GPS Position

UNUSUAL ATTITUDES

The PFD 'declutters' when the aircraft enters an unusual attitude. Only the primary functions are displayed in these situations.

The following information is removed from the PFD (and corresponding softkeys are disabled) when the aircraft experiences unusual attitudes:

- Traffic Annunciations
- AFCS Annunciations
- Inset Map
- Temperatures
- DME Information Window
- Wind Data
- Selected Heading Box
- Selected Course Box
- Transponder Status Box
- System Time
- PFD Setup Menu
- Windows displayed in the lower right corner of the PFD:
  - Timer/References
  - Nearest Airports
  - Flight Plan
  - Messages
  - Procedures
  - ADF/DME Tuning
- Barometric Minimum Descent Altitude Box
- Glideslope, Glidepath, and Vertical Deviation Indicators
- Altimeter Barometric Setting
- Selected Altitude
- VNV Target Altitude



Extreme Pitch Indication

DEAD RECKONING

While in Enroute or Oceanic phase of flight, if the G1000 detects an invalid GPS solution or is unable to calculate a GPS position, the system automatically reverts to Dead Reckoning (DR) Mode. In DR Mode, the G1000 uses its last-known position combined with continuously updated airspeed and heading data (when available) to calculate and display the aircraft's current estimated position.

NOTE: *Dead Reckoning Mode only functions in Enroute (ENR) or Oceanic (OCN) phase of flight. In all other phases, an invalid GPS solution produces a "NO GPS POSITION" annunciation on the map and the G1000 stops navigating in GPS Mode.*

DR Mode is indicated on the G1000 by the appearance of the letters 'DR' superimposed in yellow over the 'own aircraft' symbol as shown in the following figure. In addition, 'DR' is prominently displayed, also in yellow, on the HSI slightly above and to the right of the aircraft symbol on the CDI as shown in the following figure. Also, the CDI deviation bar is removed from the display. Lastly, but at the same time, a 'GPS NAV LOST' alert message appears on the PFD.

Normal navigation using GPS source data resumes automatically once a valid GPS solution is restored.

It is important to note that estimated navigation data supplied by the G1000 in DR Mode may become increasingly unreliable and must not be used as a sole means of navigation. If, while in DR Mode, airspeed and/or heading data is also lost or not available, the DR function may not be capable of estimating your position and, consequently, the system may display a path that is different than the actual movement of the aircraft. Estimated position information displayed by the G1000 through DR while there is no heading and/or airspeed data available should not be used for navigation.

DR Mode is inherently less accurate than the standard GPS Mode due to the lack of satellite measurements needed to determine a position. Changes in wind speed and/or wind direction compounds the relative inaccuracy of DR Mode. Because of this degraded accuracy, the crew must maintain position awareness using other navigation equipment until GPS-derived position data is restored.

CDI 'DR' Indication on PFD

Symbolic Aircraft (Map pages and Inset Map)

Dead Reckoning Indications

As a result of operating in DR Mode, all GPS-derived data is computed based upon an estimated position and is displayed as yellow text on the display to denote degraded navigation source information. This data includes the following:

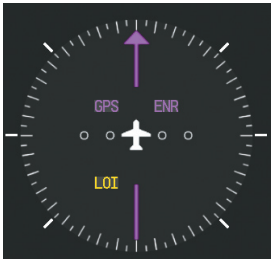
- Navigation Status Box fields except Active Leg, TAS, and DTK
- GPS Bearing Pointer
- Wind data and pointers in the Wind Data Box on the PFD
- Track Indicator
- All Bearing Pointer Distances
- Active Flight Plan distances, bearings, and ETE values

Also, while the G1000 is in DR Mode, the autopilot will not couple to GPS, and Terrain Proximity is disabled. Additionally, the accuracy of all nearest information (airports, airspaces, and waypoints) is questionable. Finally, airspace alerts continue to function, but with degraded accuracy.

ANNUNCIATIONS & ALERTS

G1000 SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS

When an LRU or an LRU function fails, a large red "X" is typically displayed on windows associated with the failed data. Refer to the AFM for additional information regarding pilot responses to these annunciations

System Annunciation	Comment
	Attitude and Heading Reference System is aligning.
	Display system is not receiving attitude information from the AHRS.
	GPS information is either not present or is invalid for navigation use. Note that AHRS utilizes GPS inputs during normal operation. AHRS operation may be degraded if GPS signals are not present (see AFM/POH).
	Display system is not receiving valid heading input from AHRS.
	Display system is not receiving valid transponder information.

G1000 SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS (CONT.)

System Annunciation	Comment
	Display system is not receiving airspeed input from air data computer.
	Display system is not receiving altitude input from the air data computer.
	Display system is not receiving vertical speed input from the air data computer.
Other Various Red X Indications	A red 'X' through any other display field (such as engine instrumentation display) indicates that the field is not receiving valid data.

WARNING ANNUNCIATION

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
OIL PRES	Engine oil pressure is less than 1.2 bar.	Continuous Aural Tone
ENG TEMP	Engine coolant temp is >105 deg. C.	
OIL TEMP	Engine oil temp is greater than 140 deg. C.	
L FUEL TEMP	Left fuel temp is greater than 75 deg. C.	
R FUEL TEMP	Right fuel temp is greater than 75 deg. C.	
GBOX TEMP	Engine gearbox temp is >120 deg. C.	
ALTN FAIL	Engine alternator has failed.	
ALTN AMPS	Engine alternator output is >90 amps.	
STARTER	Engine starter is engaged.	
DOOR OPEN	Front, rear, or baggage door is not closed.	
AP TRIM FAIL *	Autopilot automatic trim is inoperative.	

* Optional (KAP 140 equipped aircraft only)

CAUTION ANNUNCIATION

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
ECU A FAIL	Engine ECU A has failed.	Single Aural Tone
ECU B FAIL	Engine ECU B has failed.	
FUEL LOW	Left fuel quantity is low.	
VOLTS LOW	Bus voltage is less than 12.6 volts.	
COOL LVL	Engine coolant level is low.	
PITOT FAIL	Pitot heat has failed.	
PITOT HT OFF	Pitot heat is off.	

ADVISORY ANNUNCIATION

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
GLOW ON	Engine glow plug active.	None
FUEL XFER	Fuel transfer in progress.	

ALERT MESSAGE

Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
PFD FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the PFD is inoperative.	None
MFD FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the MFD is inoperative.	
GIA FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the GIAs is inoperative.	

VOICE ALERTS

Voice Alert	Description
"Vertical track"	The aircraft is one minute from Top of Descent. Issued only when vertical navigation is enabled.
"Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued.
"Traffic Not Available"	The aircraft is outside the Traffic Information Service (TIS) coverage area.
"Traffic, Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (TAS system).
"Traffic Advisory System Test Passed"	Played when the TAS system passes a pilot-initiated self test.
"Traffic Advisory System Test Failed"	Played when the TAS system fails a pilot-initiated self test.

MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
DATA LOST – Pilot stored data was lost. Recheck settings.	The pilot profile data was lost. System reverts to default pilot profile and settings. The pilot may reconfigure the MFD & PFDs with preferred settings, if desired.
XTALK ERROR – A flight display crosstalk error has occurred.	The MFD and PFDs are not communicating with each other. The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 SERVICE – PFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The PFD and/or MFD self-test has detected a problem. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 SERVICE – MFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
MANIFEST – PFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The PFD and/or MFD has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – MFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	
PFD1 CONFIG – PFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The PFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 CONFIG – MFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The MFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 COOLING – PFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	The PFD and/or MFD is overheating and is reducing power consumption by dimming the display. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 COOLING – MFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	
PFD1 KEYSTK – PFD1 [key name] Key is stuck.	A key is stuck on the PFD and/or MFD bezel. Attempt to free the stuck key by pressing it several times. The G1000 system should be serviced if the problem persists.
MFD1 KEYSTK – MFD [key name] Key is stuck.	
CNFG MODULE – PFD1 configuration module is inoperative.	The PFD1 configuration module backup memory has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 VOLTAGE – PFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The PFD1 voltage is low. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 VOLTAGE – MFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The MFD voltage is low. The G1000 system should be serviced.
SW MISMATCH – GDU software version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The MFD and PFD have different software versions installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 navigation database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the navigation database. Attempt to reload the navigation database. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 navigation database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 basemap database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the basemap database.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 basemap database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the terrain database. Ensure that the terrain card is properly inserted in display. Replace terrain card. If problem persists, The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 terrain database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 terrain database missing.	The terrain database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 terrain database missing.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 obstacle database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the obstacle database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 obstacle database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 obstacle database missing.	The obstacle database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 obstacle database missing.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the airport terrain database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	

DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the airport terrain database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 airport terrain database missing.	The airport terrain database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 airport terrain database missing.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 Airport Directory database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the Airport Directory database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 multiple database errors exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in more than one database. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 multiple database errors exists.	
DB MISMATCH – Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions or types installed. Check the AUX-SYSTEM STATUS Page to determine versions or regions.
DB MISMATCH – Obstacle database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different obstacle database versions or types installed. Check the AUX-SYSTEM STATUS Page to determine versions or regions.
DB MISMATCH – Airport Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different airport terrain database versions or types installed. Check the AUX-SYSTEM STATUS Page to determine versions or regions.
DB MISMATCH – Navigation database mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different navigation database versions or types installed. Crossfill is off. Check the AUX-SYSTEM STATUS Page to determine versions or regions.

GMA 1347 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GMA1 FAIL – GMA1 is inoperative.	The audio panel self-test has detected a failure. The audio panel is unavailable. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GMA1 CONFIG – GMA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The audio panel configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GMA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The audio panel has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GMA1 SERVICE – GMA1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The audio panel self-test has detected a problem in the unit. Certain audio functions may still be available, and the audio panel may still be usable. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GIA1 CONFIG – GIA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 CONFIG – GIA2 config error. Config service req'd.	
GIA1 CONFIG – GIA1 audio config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 have an error in the audio configuration. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 CONFIG – GIA2 audio config error. Config service req'd.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 temperature too low.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too low to operate correctly. Allow units to warm up to operating temperature.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 temperature too low.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 over temperature.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too high. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 over temperature.	

GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
GIA1 SERVICE – GIA1 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 self-test has detected a problem in the unit. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 SERVICE – GIA2 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	
HW MISMATCH – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA1 communication halted.	A GIA mismatch has been detected, where only one is SBAS capable.
HW MISMATCH – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA2 communication halted.	
MANIFEST – GIA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GIA1 and/or GIA 2 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GIA2 software mismatch, communication halted.	
MANIFEST– COM1 software mismatch, communication halted.	COM1 and/or COM2 software mismatch. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST– COM2 software mismatch, communication halted.	
MANIFEST– NAV1 software mismatch, communication halted.	NAV1 and/or NAV2 software mismatch. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST– NAV2 software mismatch, communication halted.	
COM1 TEMP – COM1 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	The system has detected an over temperature condition in COM1 and/or COM2. The transmitter is operating at reduced power. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 TEMP – COM2 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	
COM1 SERVICE – COM1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The system has detected a failure in COM1 and/or COM2. COM1 and/or COM2 may still be usable. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
COM2 SERVICE – COM2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
COM1 PTT – COM1 push-to-talk key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 external push-to-talk switch is stuck in the enable (or "pressed") position. Press the PTT switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 PTT – COM2 push-to-talk key is stuck.	
COM1 RMT XFR – COM1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") position. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 RMT XFR – COM2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
COM1 CONFIG – COM1 config error. Config service req'd.	The COM1 and/or COM2 configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 CONFIG – COM2 config error. Config service req'd.	
LOI – GPS integrity lost. Crosscheck with other NAVS.	GPS integrity is insufficient for the current phase of flight.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. Insufficient satellites.	Loss of GPS navigation due to insufficient satellites.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. Position error.	Loss of GPS navigation due to position error.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. GPS fail.	Loss of GPS navigation due to GPS failure.
ABORT APR – Loss of GPS navigation. Abort approach.	Abort approach due to loss of GPS navigation.
APR DWNGRADE – Approach downgraded.	Vertical guidance generated by SBAS is unavailable, use LNAV only minimums. (This message will not be generated when SBAS is disabled.)
TRUE APR – True north approach. Change HDG reference to TRUE.	Displayed after passing the first waypoint of a true north approach when the nav angle is set to 'MAGNETIC'.

GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
GPS1 SERVICE – GPS1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the GPS1 and/or GPS2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GPS2 SERVICE – GPS2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 SERVICE – NAV1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the NAV1 and/or NAV2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced.
NAV2 SERVICE – NAV2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 RMT XFR – NAV1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote NAV1 and/or NAV2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") state. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
NAV2 RMT XFR – NAV2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
G/S1 FAIL – G/S1 is inoperative.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The G1000 system should be serviced.
G/S2 FAIL – G/S2 is inoperative.	
G/S1 SERVICE – G/S1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
G/S2 SERVICE – G/S2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

GEA 71 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GEA1 CONFIG – GEA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GEA1 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GEA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 GEA 71 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

GTX 33 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
XPDR1 CONFIG – XPDR1 config error. Config service req'd.	The transponder configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GTX1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The transponder has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
XPDR1 SRVC – XPDR1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The #1 transponder should be serviced when possible.
XPDR1 FAIL – XPDR1 is inoperative.	There is no communication with the #1 transponder.

GMU 44 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
HDG FAULT – AHRS1 magnetometer fault has occurred.	A fault has occurred in the #1 GMU 44. Heading is flagged as invalid. The AHRS uses GPS for backup mode operation. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GMU1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GMU 44 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

GDC 74A MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
MANIFEST – GDC1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GDC 74A has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

GRS 77 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
AHRS1 TAS – AHRS1 not receiving valid airspeed.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving true airspeed from the air data computer. The AHRS relies on GPS information to augment the lack of airspeed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 using backup GPS source.	The #1 AHRS is using the backup GPS path. Primary GPS path has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 not receiving any GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving any or any useful GPS information. Check AFMS limitations. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 not receiving backup GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving backup GPS information. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 operating exclusively in no-GPS mode.	The #1 AHRS is operating exclusively in no-GPS mode. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS1 SRVC – AHRS1 Magnetic-field model needs update.	The #1 AHRS earth magnetic field model is out of date. Update magnetic field model when practical.
GEO LIMITS – AHRS1 too far North/South, no magnetic compass.	The aircraft is outside geographical limits for approved AHRS operation. Heading is flagged as invalid.
MANIFEST – GRS1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 AHRS has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
FPL WPT LOCK – Flight plan waypoint is locked.	Upon power-up, the G1000 system detects that a stored flight plan waypoint is locked. This occurs when an navigation database update eliminates an obsolete waypoint. The flight plan cannot find the specified waypoint and flags this message. This can also occur with user waypoints in a flight plan that is deleted. Remove the waypoint from the flight plan if it no longer exists in any database, Or update the waypoint name/identifier to reflect the new information.
FPL WPT MOVE – Flight plan waypoint moved.	The system has detected that a waypoint coordinate has changed due to a new navigation database update. Verify that stored flight plans contain correct waypoint locations.
TIMER EXPIRD – Timer has expired.	The system notifies the pilot that the timer has expired.
DB CHANGE – Database changed. Verify user modified procedures.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually edited. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct and up to date.
DB CHANGE – Database changed. Verify stored airways.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains an airway that is no longer consistent with the navigation database. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify use of airways in stored flight plans and reload airways as needed.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
FPL TRUNC – Flight plan has been truncated.	This occurs when a newly installed navigation database eliminates an obsolete approach or arrival used by a stored flight plan. The obsolete procedure is removed from the flight plan. Update flight plan with current arrival or approach.
LOCKED FPL – Cannot navigate locked flight plan.	This occurs when the pilot attempts to activate a stored flight plan that contains locked waypoint. Remove locked waypoint from flight plan. Update flight plan with current waypoint.
WPT ARRIVAL – Arriving at waypoint -[xxxx]	Arriving at waypoint [xxxx], where [xxxx] is the waypoint name.
STEEP TURN – Steep turn ahead.	A steep turn is 15 seconds ahead. Prepare to turn.
INSIDE ARSPC – Inside airspace.	The aircraft is inside the airspace.
ARSPC AHEAD – Airspace ahead less than 10 minutes.	Special use airspace is ahead of aircraft. The aircraft will penetrate the airspace within 10 minutes.
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near and ahead.	Special use airspace is near and ahead of the aircraft position.
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near – less than 2 nm.	Special use airspace is within 2 nm of the aircraft position.
APR INACTV – Approach is not active.	The system notifies the pilot that the loaded approach is not active. Activate approach when required.
SLCT FREQ – Select appropriate frequency for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to load the approach frequency for the appropriate NAV receiver. Select the correct frequency for the approach.
SLCT NAV – Select NAV on CDI for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver. Set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: bad geometry.	Bad parallel track geometry.
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: invalid leg type.	Invalid leg type for parallel offset.
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: past IAF.	IAF waypoint for parallel offset has been passed.
UNABLE V WPT – Can't reach current vertical waypoint.	The current vertical waypoint can not be reached within the maximum flight path angle and vertical speed constraints. The system automatically transitions to the next vertical waypoint.
VNV – Unavailable. Unsupported leg type in flight plan.	The lateral flight plan contains a procedure turn, vector, or other unsupported leg type prior to the active vertical waypoint. This prevents vertical guidance to the active vertical waypoint.
VNV – Unavailable. Excessive track angle error.	The current track angle error exceeds the limit, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
VNV – Unavailable. Excessive crosstrack error.	The current crosstrack exceeds the limit, causing vertical deviation to go invalid.
VNV – Unavailable. Parallel course selected.	A parallel course has been selected, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
NON WGS84 WPT – Do not use GPS navigation to [xxxx].	The position of the selected waypoint [xxxx] is not calculated based on the WGS84 map reference datum and may be positioned in error as displayed. Do not use GPS to navigate to the selected non-WGS84 waypoint.
TRAFFIC FAIL – Traffic device has failed.	The G1000 is no longer receiving data from the traffic system. The traffic device should be serviced.
STRMSCP FAIL – Stormscope has failed.	Stormscope has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
FAILED PATH – A data path has failed.	A data path connected to the GDU or the GIA 63/W has failed.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
MAG VAR WARN – Large magnetic variance. Verify all course angles.	The GDU's internal model cannot determine the exact magnetic variance for geographic locations near the magnetic poles. Displayed magnetic course angles may differ from the actual magnetic heading by more than 2°.
SCHEDULER [#] – <message>.	Message criteria entered by the user.
CHECK CRS – Database course for LOC1 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC1 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
CHECK CRS – Database course for LOC2 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC2 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 REM – Card 1 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the top card slot of the specified PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 REM – Card 2 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the bottom card slot of the specified PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 ERR – Card 1 is invalid.	The SD card in the top card slot of the specified PFD or MFD contains invalid data.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 ERR – Card 2 is invalid.	The SD card in the bottom card slot of the specified PFD or MFD contains invalid data.

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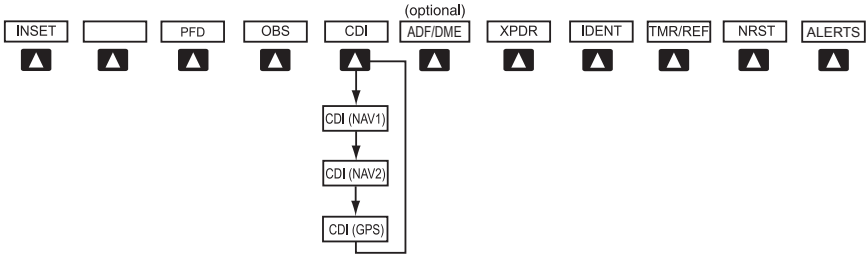
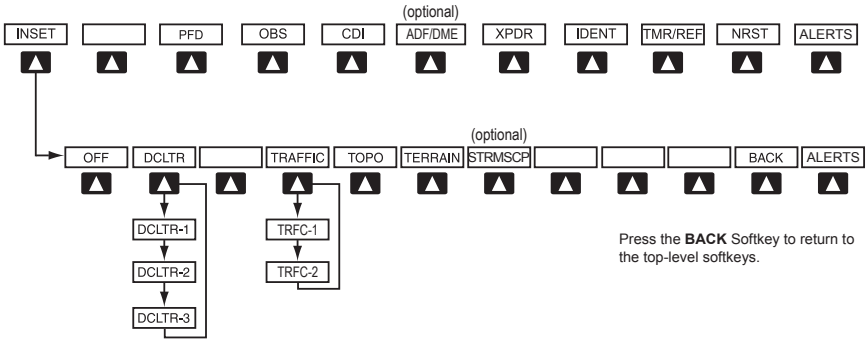
APPENDIX

PFD SOFTKEY MAP



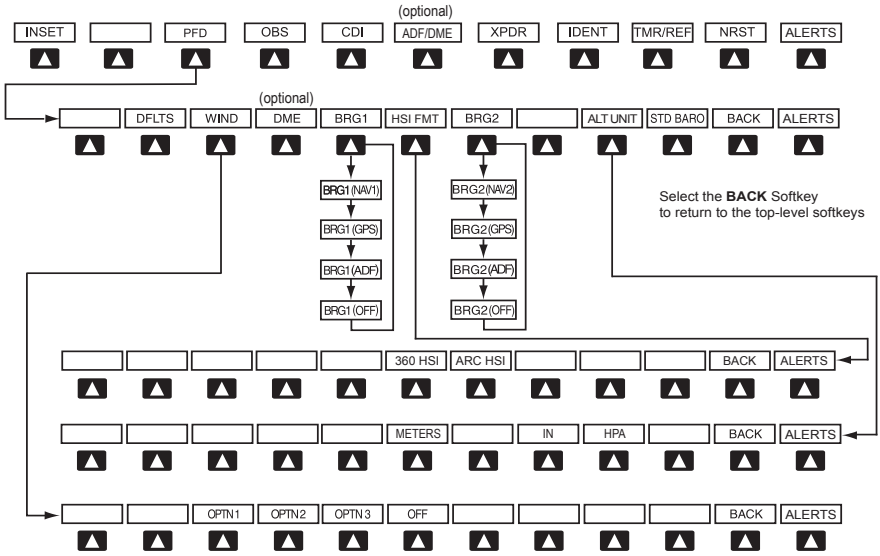
Top Level PFD Softkeys



Inset Map Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
INSET			Displays Inset Map in PFD lower left corner
	OFF		Removes Inset Map
	DCLTR (3)		Selects desired amount of map detail; cycles through declutter levels: DCLTR (No Declutter): All map features visible DCLTR-1: Declutters land data DCLTR-2: Declutters land and SUA data DCLTR-3: Removes everything except the active flight plan

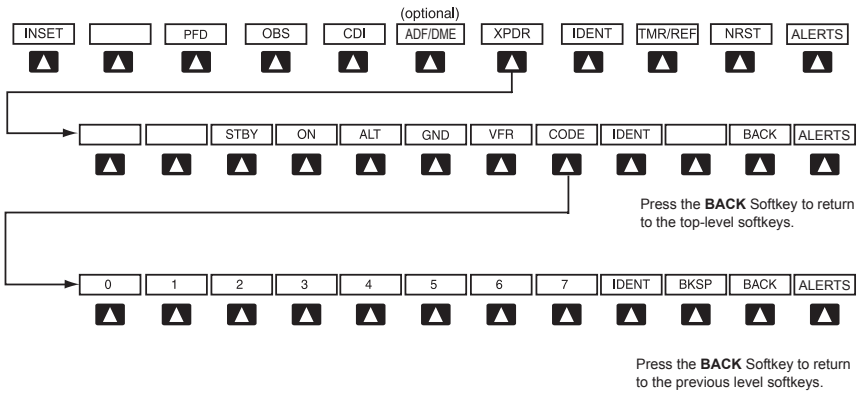
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
	TRAFFIC		Cycles through traffic display options: TRFC-1: Traffic displayed on inset map TRFC-2: Traffic Map Page is displayed in the inset map window OFF: No traffic displayed on inset map
	TOPO		Displays topographical data (e.g., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes) and elevation scale on Inset Map
	TERRAIN		Displays terrain information on Inset Map
	STRMSCP		Select to display the Stormscope lightning data on the Inset Map (within a 200 nm radius of the aircraft)(optional)



PFD Configuration Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
PFD			Displays second-level softkeys for additional PFD configurations
	DFLTS		Resets PFD to default settings, including changing units to standard
	WIND		Displays softkeys to select wind data parameters
		OPTN 1	Wind direction arrows with headwind and crosswind components
		OPTN 2	Wind direction arrow and speed
		OPTN 3	Wind direction arrow with headwind/ tailwind and crosswind components
		OFF	Information not displayed
	DME		Displays the DME Information Window (optional).

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
	BRG1		Cycles the Bearing 1 Information Window through NAV1 or GPS/ waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information, and ADF/ frequency.
	HSI FRMT		Displays the HSI formatting softkeys
		360 HSI	Displays the HSI in a 360 degree format
		ARC HSI	Displays the HSI in an arc format
	BRG2		Cycles the Bearing 2 Information Window through NAV2 or GPS/waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information, and ADF/frequency.
	ALT UNIT		Displays softkeys for setting the altimeter and BARO settings to metric units
		METERS	When enabled, displays altimeter in meters
		IN	Press to display the BARO setting as inches of mercury
		HPA	Press to display the BARO setting as hectopacals
	STD BARO		Sets barometric pressure to 29.92 in Hg (1013 hPa)

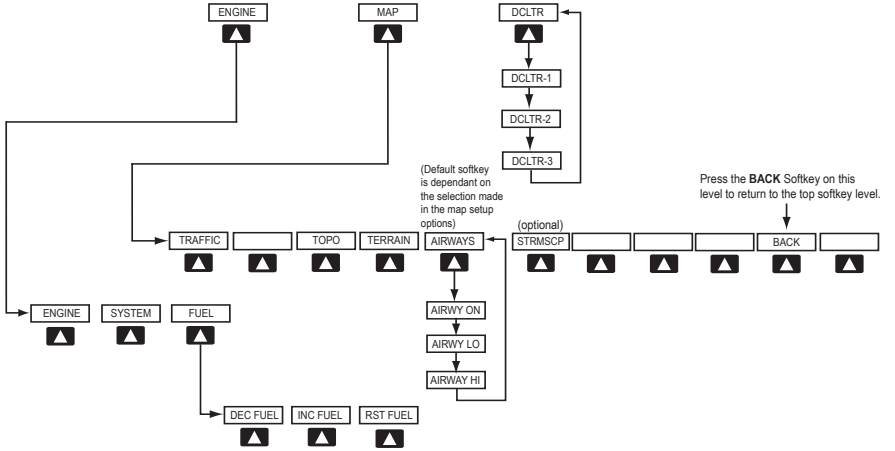


Transponder Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
XPDR			Displays transponder mode selection softkeys
	STBY		Selects Standby Mode (transponder does not reply to any interrogations)
	ON		Selects Mode A (transponder replies to interrogations)
	ALT		Selects Mode C – Altitude Reporting Mode (transponder replies to identification and altitude interrogations)
	GND		Manually selects Ground Mode, the transponder does not allow Mode A and Mode C replies, but it does permit acquisition squitter and replies to discretely addressed Mode S interrogations.
	VFR		Automatically enters the VFR code (1200 in the U.S.A. only)
	CODE		Displays transponder code selection softkeys 0-7
		0 — 7	Use numbers to enter code
		BKSP	Removes numbers entered, one at a time

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
IDENT			Activates the Special Position Identification (SPI) pulse for 18 seconds, identifying the transponder return on the ATC screen
TMR/REF			Displays Timer/References Window
NRST			Displays Nearest Airports Window
ALERTS			Displays Alerts Window

MFD SOFTKEY MAP



MFD Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
ENGINE			Displays the default Engine Display
	SYSTEM		Displays the SYSTEM Display
	FUEL		Displays the FUEL Display
		DEC FUEL	Press to decrease remaining fuel quantity in 1-gallon increments
		INC FUEL	Press to increase remaining fuel quantity in 1-gallon increments
		RST FUEL	Press to reset fuel to full

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
MAP			Enables second-level Navigation Map softkeys
	TRAFFIC		Displays traffic information on Navigation Map
	TOPO		Displays topographical data (e.g., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes) and elevation scale on Navigation Map
	TERRAIN		Displays terrain information on Navigation Map
	AIRWAYS		Displays airways on the map; cycles through the following: AIRWAYS: No airways are displayed AIRWY ON: All airways are displayed AIRWY LO: Only low altitude airways are displayed AIRWY HI: Only high altitude airways are displayed
	STRMSCP		Displays Stormscope weather and coverage information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	BACK		Returns to top-level softkeys
DCLTR (3)			Selects desired amount of map detail; cycles through declutter levels: DCLTR (No Declutter): All map features visible DCLTR-1: Declutters land data DCLTR-2: Declutters land and SUA data DCLTR-3: Removes everything except the active flight plan

LOADING UPDATED DATABASES

CAUTION: *Never disconnect power to the system when loading a database. Power interruption during the database loading process could result in maintenance being required to reboot the system.*

NOTE: *The display downloads the navigation database and stores it internally. The navigation database SD card is not required to remain in the display after the update.*

Loading Jeppesen Navigation Database Updates

1) Copy the new navigation database to an SD card obtained from Garmin, or the aircraft manufacturer.

2) With the G1000 system OFF, insert the SD card containing the new navigation database version into the top card slot of the MFD (label of SD card facing left).

3) Turn the G1000 system ON. A prompt similar to the following illustration is displayed:

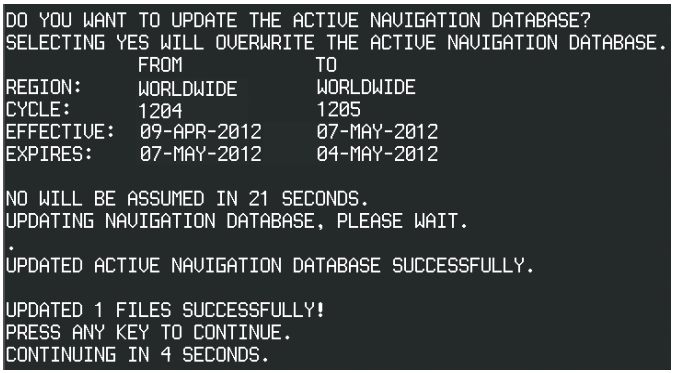
```
DO YOU WANT TO UPDATE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE?
SELECTING YES WILL OVERWRITE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE.
            FROM            TO
REGION:     WORLDWIDE       WORLDWIDE
CYCLE:      1204            1205
EFFECTIVE:  09-APR-2012     07-MAY-2012
EXPIRES:    07-MAY-2012     04-MAY-2012

NO WILL BE ASSUMED IN 28 SECONDS.
```

Navigation Database Load Prompt

4) Press the **YES** Softkey to update the navigation database in the MFD.

5) After the update completes, press any key. The display starts in normal mode.



Database Update Confirmation

6) Turn the G1000 system OFF and remove the SD card from the top card slot.
7) Repeat steps 2 through 6 for PFD1.
8) Apply power to the system and press the **ENT** Key to acknowledge the startup screen.
9) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.
10) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
11) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show navigation database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**).

Loading Garmin Terrain and Obstacle Database Updates

NOTE: *The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

NOTE: *Obstacles 200' and higher are included in the obstacle database. It is very important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the obstacle database.*

These databases are not stored internally in the MFD or PFD. Supplemental Data Cards containing identical database versions must be kept in both displays to retain terrain and obstacle data. A Supplemental Data Card should be inserted into the bottom card slot of the PFD and MFD.

NOTE: *If the Supplemental Data Card is removed from the display, the* ***TOPO*** *and* ***TERRAIN*** *Softkeys are not functional and are grayed out on the MFD Map Page.*

1) With system power OFF, remove the MFD database card from the bottom card slot of the MFD.

2) Update the Garmin databases on the MFD card.

3) Insert the MFD database card into the bottom card slot of the MFD.

4) Apply power to the system, check that the databases are initialized and displayed on the power-up screen. When updating the terrain database, a 'Verifying' message may be seen. If this message is present, wait for the system to finish loading before proceeding to step 5.

Database Information on the Power-up Screen

5) Acknowledge the Power-up Page agreement by pressing the **ENT** Key or the right most softkey.

6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.

8) Remove and reapply power to the system.

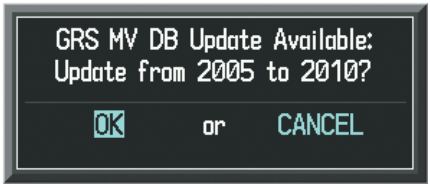
9) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

10) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.

11) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**). Verify the correct database cycle information is shown for each database for each display.

Magnetic Field Variation Database Update

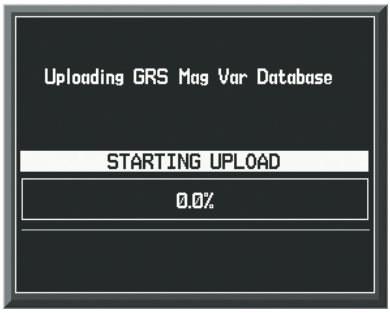
At startup, the system compares this version of the MV DB with that presently being used by the AHRS (GRS). If the system determines the MV DB needs to be updated, a prompt is displayed on the Navigation Map Page, as shown in the following figure.



GRS Magnetic Field Variation Database Update Prompt

Loading the magnetic field variation database update:

With 'OK' highlighted, as shown in the previous figure, press the **ENT** Key on the MFD. A progress monitor is displayed as shown in the following figure. When the upload is complete, the system is ready for use.



Uploading Database to GRS

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